**CONCLUSIONS**

There are various methods which are utilized for detection of mental illness among individuals of various ages. The method utilized by these systems utilizes the method of detection via analyzing the mental issue detection through the set of questionnaires, in order to anticipate the downturn levels among various age groups. The machine learning algorithms are utilized for mental confusion detection. The dataset with 1200 samples are considered for study. We utilized SVM, Decision Tree and Random woodland for learning and detection. The experimental outcomes demonstrated that the Random Forest achieves the most elevated accuracy around 87%. In future, we are intrigued to expand the work with some profound learning models, for example, Neural Networks or convolution neural networks.